

Rating form
completed by:**RUTHERFORD + CHEKENE**

ruthchek.com

Evaluator: JY/WAL/BL

Date: 06/28/2019

Text in green is to be part of UC Santa Cruz building database and may be part of UCOP database

DATE: 2019-06-28

UC Santa Cruz building seismic ratings

Visual Arts Facilities-Building A

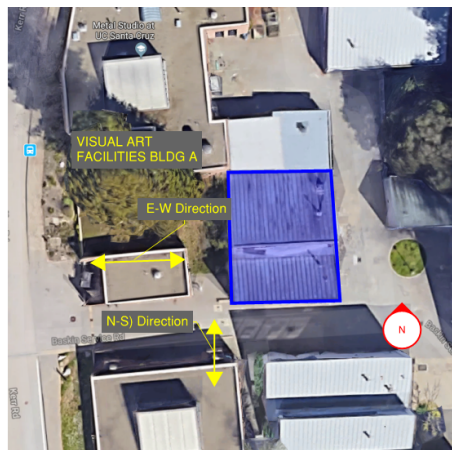
CAAN #7493

Elena Baskin Visual Arts, Santa Cruz, CA 95064

UCSC Campus: Main Campus



Plan



Southeast Elevation (Looking Northwest)



Rating summary	Entry	Notes
UC Seismic Performance Level (rating)	V (Poor)	
Rating basis	Tier 1	ASCE 41-17 ¹
Date of rating	2019	
Recommended UC Santa Cruz priority category for retrofit	Priority B	Priority A=Retrofit ASAP Priority B=Retrofit at next permit application
Ballpark total construction cost to retrofit to IV rating ²	Medium (\$50-200/sf)	See recommendations on further evaluation and retrofit.
Is 2018-2019 rating required by UCOP?	Yes	Building was not previously rated.
Further evaluation recommended?	Yes	Focused on analysis of wood braced frames and their connections and possible retrofit measures if needed.

¹ We translate this Tier 1 evaluation to a Seismic Performance Level rating using professional judgment. Non-compliant items in the Tier 1 evaluation do not automatically put a building into a particular rating category, but we evaluate such items along with the combination of building features and potential deficiencies, focused on the potential for collapse or serious damage to the gravity supporting structure that may threaten occupant safety. See Section III.B of the 19 May 2017 *UC Seismic Safety Policy* and Method B of Section 321 of the 2016 *California Building Code*.

² Section III.A.4.i of the 26 March 2019 *UC Seismic Program Guidebook, Version 1.3*, the cost includes all construction cost necessitated by the seismic retrofit, including restoration of finishes and any triggered work on utilities or accessibility. It does not include soft costs such as design fees or campus costs. The cost is in 2019 dollars.

Building information used in this evaluation

- Architectural drawings by Marquis Associates, "Visual Arts Facilities, University of California, Santa Cruz," dated 14 December 1983, Sheets A2.1, A2.2, A3.1, A3.2 and A.3.4 pertinent to Building 'A'.
- Structural drawings by E.G. Hirsch & Associates, "Visual Arts Facilities, University of California, Sant Cruz," dated 14 December 1983, Sheets S1, S2, S4, S6, S7 and S8 pertinent to Building 'A'.

Additional building information known to exist

None

Scope for completing this form

Reviewed structural drawings for original construction, made a brief site on 23 May 2019, and carried out ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 evaluation.

Brief description of structure

Baskin Building A is one of a cluster of seven similar buildings that form the visual art studios for the Department of Art. The Theater Arts complex is to the west; McHenry Library is to the northeast; and the Digital Arts Research Center is to the south. The Baskin complex was designed in 1983 by architects Marquis Associates. E.G. Hirsch & Associates was the structural engineer. The construction completion date is unknown, but it is assumed to be 1984.

The building is a single-story wood structure that contains approximately 2,055 square feet. In plan, Building A is comprised of two rectangular sections. The section at the north of the building is 24 ft in the N-S direction by 34 ft in the E-W direction; the section at the south of the building is 20 ft in the N-S direction by 34 ft in the E-W direction. The building has three lines in the E-W direction: Line A at the north, Line B at the middle of the building and Line C at the south. In the N-S direction, the building has two lines: Line 1 at the west and Line 2 at the east. The roof is sawtoothed, and Lines B and C are the locations of clerestory windows. Line B is constructed with diagonal wood braced frames in front of the clerestory window supported by a large glulam beam supported by wood posts. Line C is constructed with diagonal wood braced frames in front of the clerestory which are connected to a plywood shear wall below the window. Line A has a plywood shear wall. The roof diaphragm of the north section slopes up from the top of the north wall (elevation 9'-5 1/2") to the top of Line B (elevation 22'). The roof diaphragm of the south section slopes up from the middle of Line B (elevation 9'-5 1/2") to the top of Line C (elevation 22'). Wood joists sloping with the roof are spaced at 16" on center and supported by braced frame beams on each end. The upper and lower braced frame beams, 5 1/8" wide x 7 1/2" deep and 5 1/8" wide x 16 1/2" deep respectively, are Douglas Fir glued laminated beams that run continuously between 6x6 end posts and over 6x8 or 8x8 interior posts. A 4" thick reinforced concrete slab-on-grade is exposed to view.

Identification of levels: The building has one story above a slab-on-grade. Grade slope down gently to the northeast.

Foundation system: The perimeter walls bear on a curb supported by the thickened edge of the slab and then a continuous grade beam. The interior bearing walls are supported by the thickened slab and then a continuous grade beam. The grade beams are 1'0" wide x 1'4" minimum deep grade beam reinforced with #3 stirrups at 12" o.c. Braced frame posts are supported by 1'0"x1'0" pedestals integrated with the slab on 2'6"x2'6"x1'4" minimum deep spread footings. All wood posts, 6x6s end posts, and 6x8s intermediate posts are anchored into the concrete curbs and thickened slab with anchor bolts.

Structural system for vertical (gravity) load: The sawtooth roofs are comprised of 5/8-inch plywood sheathing spanning atop 2x10 wood joists. Joists at Line A are supported by the wall. Joists at Line B are supported at the north side by wood braced frame glulam beams with face mount joist hangers. Joists at the south of Line B are supported by a glulam beam supported by post and braces. Walls use 2x6 studs at 24" o.c.

Structural system for lateral forces: In N-S direction, lateral forces are transferred from the plywood roof diaphragm through blocking at the eave to the top plate of the plywood shear walls per Detail 6 on Sheet S-8. The 5/8" plywood has 10d at 6" o.c. edge nailing. Loads at the base of the wall go into the continuous curb from the 3x6 sill through 5/8" diameter anchor bolts at 4'0" o.c. per Detail 16 on Sheet S-7. In the E-W direction, the plywood roof diaphragm of the north section spans between the wall at Line A and the upper beam of the wood braced frame at the ridge located in Line B. The plywood diaphragm of the south section spans between the lower glulam of Line B and the

upper glulam of Line C. More specifically, at the ridge, shear in the plywood is delivered into the upper beams through 2x blocking between each rafter (Detail 1 on Sheet S-8). At the low end, the plywood is nailed to 2x blocking and which is in turn face nailed to the glulam beam. An additional path for shear transfer at the low end is through a built-up roof that has a cross-slope for drainage. Plywood sheathing wraps over the built-up roof comprised of 2x4s and then to the face of continuous parapet walls built on top of the lower beam (Detail 3 on Sheet S-8). The braced frames have two “Y” shapes each superimposed on a single center column. The top of the “Y” is connected to the top glulam beam and the midheight of the “Y” connects to the low glulam beam which in turn is connected to a plywood shear wall. A clerestory above the low beam brings northern light to the studios. The braces are connected to the center post and to the glulam with steel side plates and ¾” diameter machine bolts typically in single shear. Details are on Sheet S-7.

Brief description of seismic deficiencies and expected seismic performance including mechanism of nonlinear response and structural behavior modes

Identified seismic deficiencies of the building include the following:

- The braced frames rely on a complicated set of force transfer details that include bolts in shear in the wood. These details have reduced end distances (4D rather than 7D) and limited ductility compared to a plywood shear wall that dissipates energy through nails in bending, and they are ultimately likely to lead to longitudinal splitting of the wood. This is an unusual structural system not covered by the wood frame Tier 1 checklists of ASCE 41-17. A Tier 2 deficiency-based analysis of the frames, their internal connections, and their connections to the shear walls is needed to understand better the capacity and performance of this lateral force-resisting system.

Structural deficiency	Affects rating?	Structural deficiency	Affects rating?
Lateral system stress check (wall shear, column shear or flexure, or brace axial as applicable)	Y	Openings at shear walls (concrete or masonry)	N
Load path	N	Liquefaction	N
Adjacent buildings	N	Slope failure	N
Weak story	N	Surface fault rupture	N
Soft story	N	Masonry or concrete wall anchorage at flexible diaphragm	N
Geometry (vertical irregularities)	N	URM wall height-to-thickness ratio	N
Torsion	N	URM parapets or cornices	N
Mass – vertical irregularity	N	URM chimney	N
Cripple walls	N	Heavy partitions braced by ceilings	N
Wood sills (bolting)	N	Appendages	N
Diaphragm continuity	Y		

Summary of review of nonstructural life-safety concerns, including at exit routes.³

UCOP nonstructural checklist item	Life safety hazard?	UCOP nonstructural checklist item	Life safety hazard?
Heavy ceilings, feature or ornamentation above large lecture halls, auditoriums, lobbies or other areas where large numbers of people congregate	None observed	Unrestrained hazardous materials storage	None observed
Heavy masonry or stone veneer above exit ways and public access areas	None observed	Masonry chimneys	None observed
Unbraced masonry parapets, cornices or other ornamentation above exit ways and public access areas	None observed	Unrestrained natural gas-fueled equipment such as water heaters, boilers, emergency generators, etc.	None observed

Basis of rating

A Seismic Performance Level rating of V is assigned to Building A based on the absence of an ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 quick check procedure for wood braced frame and the limited ductility in the braced frames.

Recommendations for further evaluation or retrofit

We recommend that the campus perform a Tier 2 evaluation to review the lateral force-resisting capacity of the wood braced frame members, internal connections, and connections to the plywood shear wall. While ductility is low, it may be that there is sufficient capacity due to low demands. If the braced frames were found to be inadequate, connections could be strengthened, or supplemental lateral resistance could be added such as steel moment frames to help continue to preserve the clerestory light. We assign the building to Priority Category B, as the retrofit of the building should be done when there are any plans for modifying or change of occupancy.

Peer review of rating

This seismic evaluation was discussed in a peer review meeting on 28 May 2019. Reviewers present were Joe Maffei of Maffei Structural Engineering and Holly Razzano and Jay Yin of Degenkolb Engineers. Comments from the reviewers have been incorporated into this report. The reviewers agreed with the assigned rating.

Additional building data	Entry	Notes
Latitude	36.994860	
Longitude	-122.061100	
Are there other structures besides this one under the same CAAN#	No	
Number of stories above lowest perimeter grade	1	
Number of stories (basements) below lowest perimeter grade	0	
Building occupiable area (OGSF)	2,055	From UCSC facilities database.
Risk Category per 2016 CBC Table 1604.5	II	
Building structural height, h_n	14 ft	Structural height defined per ASCE 7-16 Section 11.2
Coefficient for period, C_t	0.020	Estimated using ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4 and 7-18
Coefficient for period, β	0.75	Estimated using ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4 and 7-18

³ For these Tier 1 evaluations, we do not visit all spaces of the building; we rely on campus staff to report to us their understanding of if and where nonstructural hazards may occur.

Estimated fundamental period	0.14 sec	Estimated using ASCE 41-17 equation 4-4 and 7-18
Site data		
975-year hazard parameters S_s, S_1	1.281, 0.485	From SEAOC/OSHPD website
Site class	D	
Site class basis	Geotech ⁴	See footnote below
Site parameters F_a, F_v	1.0, 1.815	From SEAOC/OSHPD website
Ground motion parameters S_{cs}, S_{c1}	1.281, 0.880	From SEAOC/OSHPD website
S_a at building period	1.28	
Site V_{s30}	900 ft/s	
V_{s30} basis	Estimated	Estimated based on site classification of D.
Liquefaction potential	Low	
Liquefaction assessment basis	County map	See footnote below
Landslide potential	Low	
Landslide assessment basis	County map	See footnote below
Active fault rupture identified at site	No	
Fault rupture assessment basis	County map	See footnote below
Site-specific ground motion study?	No	
Applicable code		
Applicable code or approx. date of original construction	Built: 1984 (Estimated) Code: 1982 UBC	
Applicable code for partial retrofit	None	No partial retrofit.
Applicable code for full retrofit	None	No full retrofit
FEMA P-154 data		
Model building type North-South	W2 -Wood frame	
Model building type East-West	Wood Braced Frame	No checklist is available in ASCE 41-17. Even though the building is wood frame and designed to a code after the 1982 UBC, the building was not benchmarked since the braced frames are not consistent with the W2 definition.
FEMA P-154 score	N/A	Not included here because we performed ASCE 41 Tier 1 evaluation.

⁴ Determination of site class and assessment of geotechnical hazards are based on correspondence with Pacific Crest Geotechnical Engineers and Nolan, Zinn, and Associates Geologists. [Revised Geology and Geologic Hazards, Santa Cruz Campus, University of California, Job # 04003-SC 13 May 2005]. Site class is taken as D throughout the main campus of UC Santa Cruz. The following links provide hazard maps for liquefaction, landslide, and fault rupture:

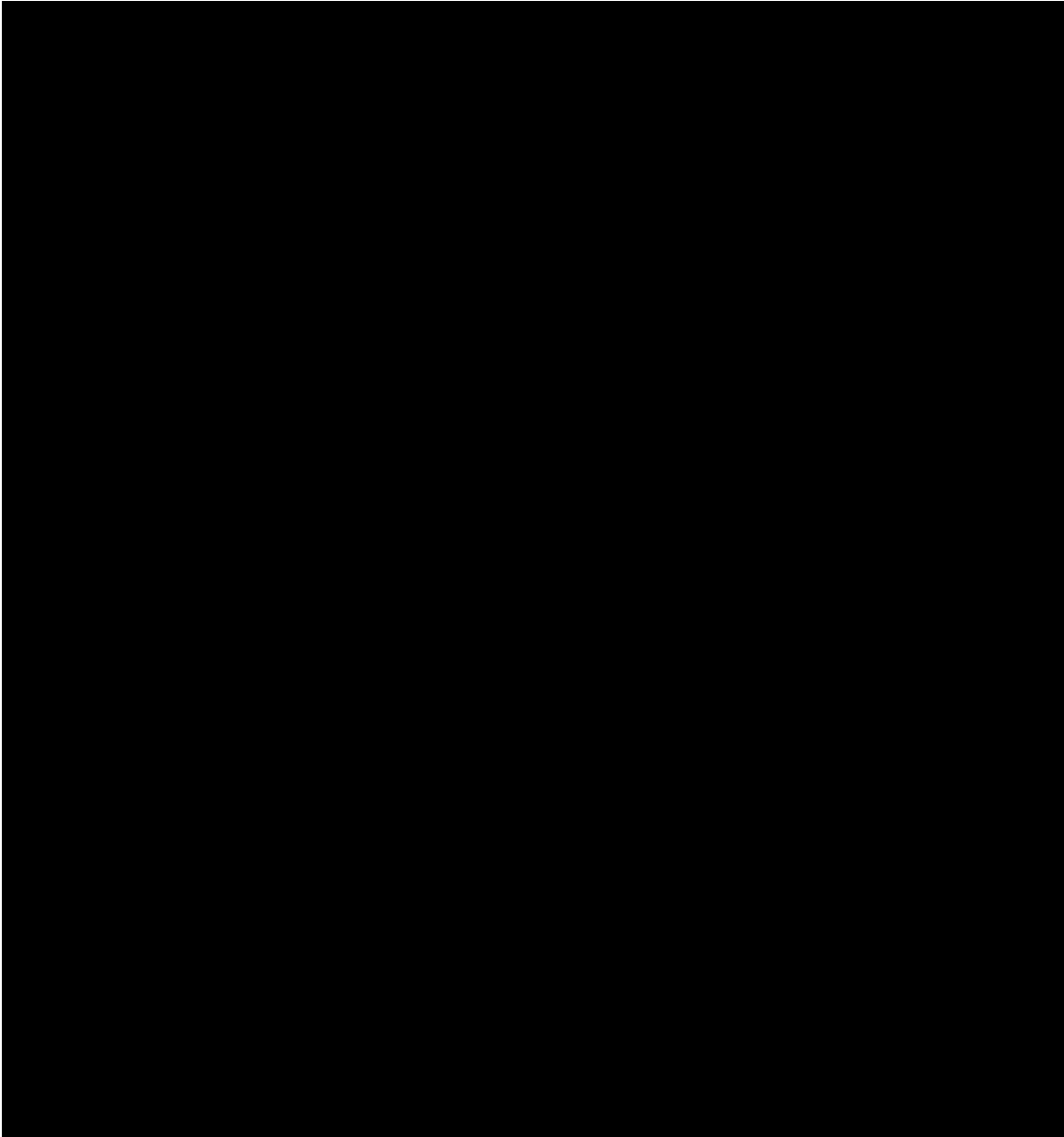
<https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/LiquifactionMap2009.pdf>

<https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/LandslideMap2009.pdf>

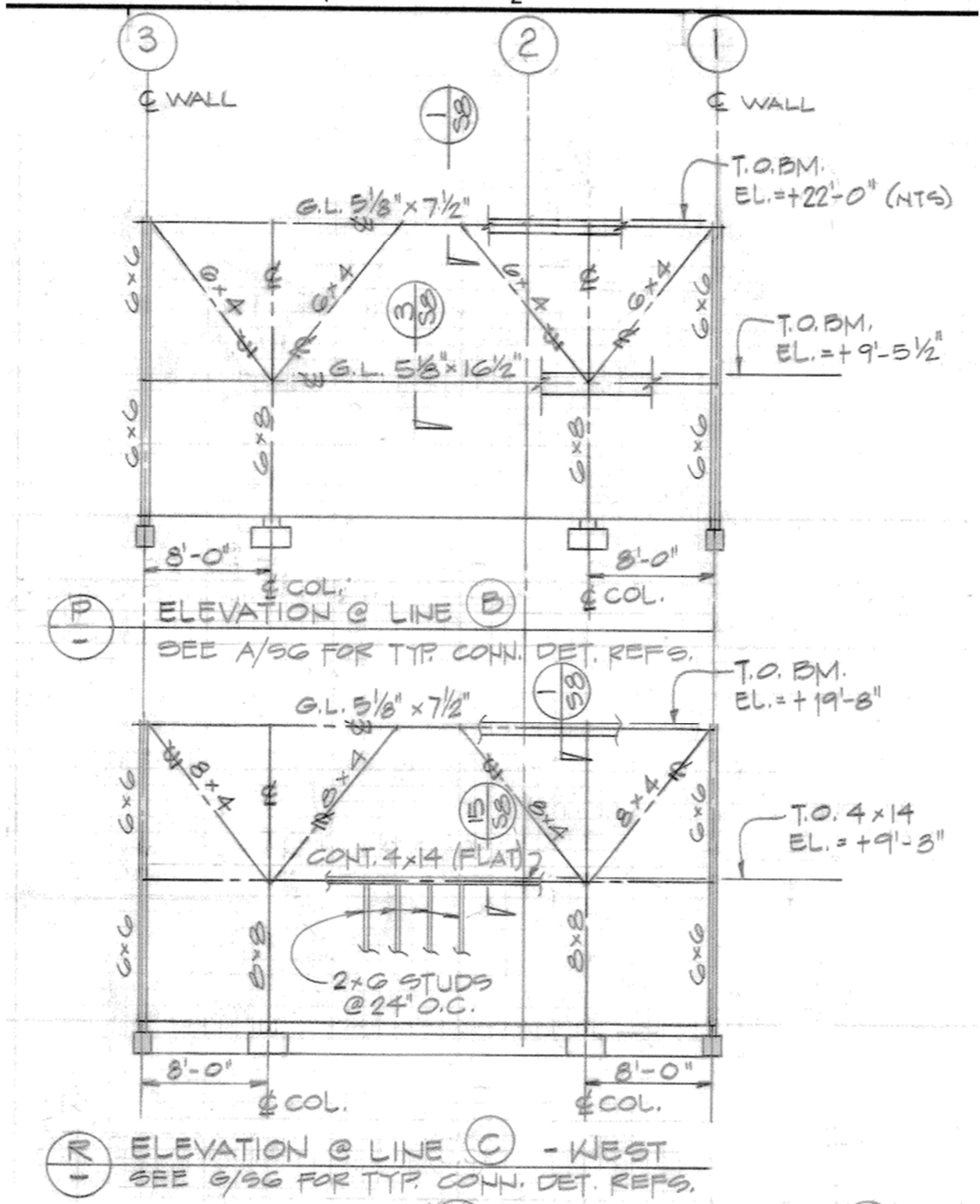
<https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/FaultZoneMap2009.pdf>

Previous ratings		
Most recent rating	-	Not evaluated before.
Date of most recent rating	-	
2 nd most recent rating	-	
Date of 2 nd most recent rating	-	
3 rd most recent rating	-	
Date of 3 rd most recent rating	-	
Appendices		
ASCE 41 Tier 1 checklist included here?	Yes	Refer to attached checklist file.

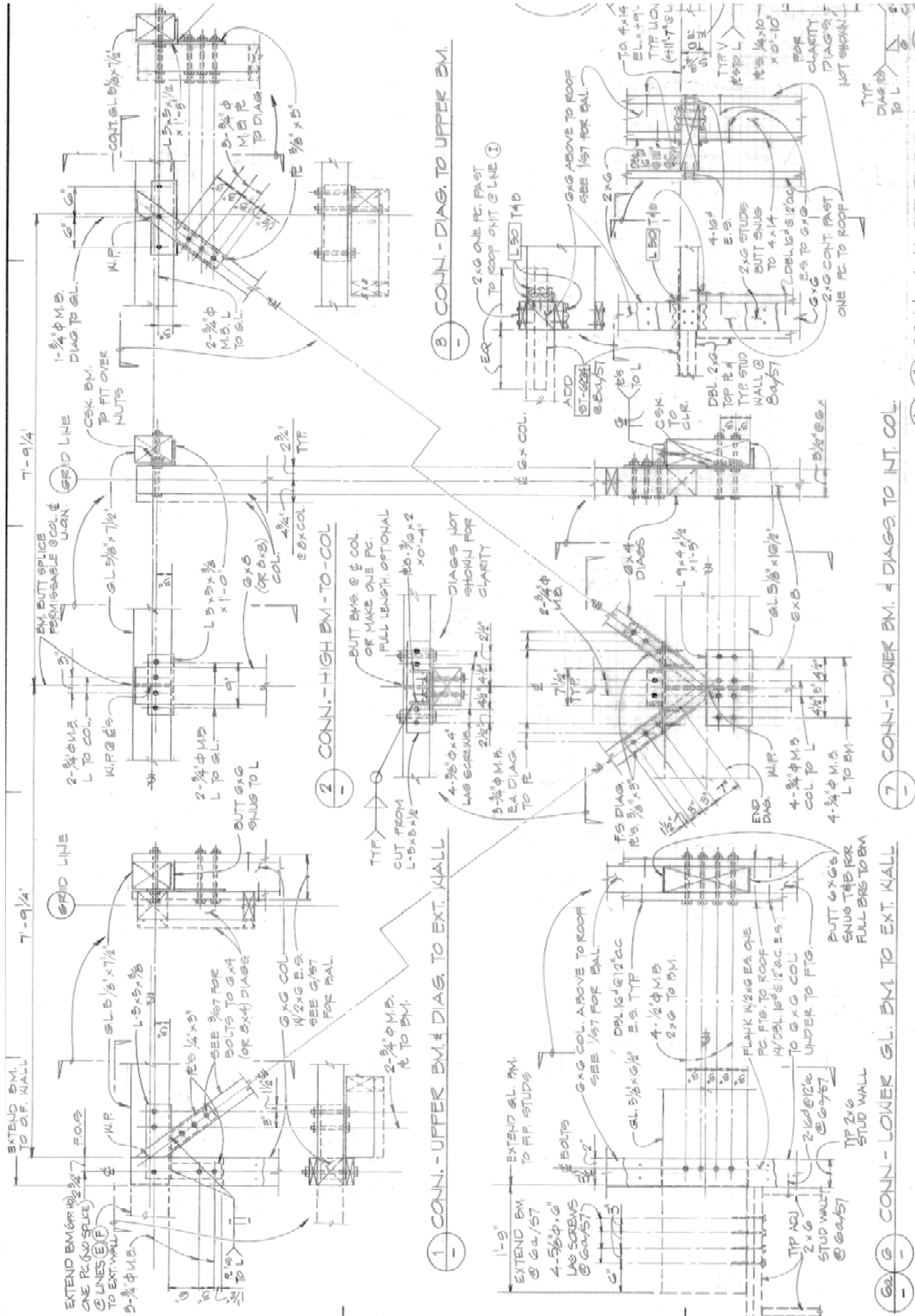
Color Coded Floor Plan



Example Braced Frame Elevations



Connection Detail between Main Elements of the Wood Diagonal Braced Frames





APPENDIX A

Additional Photos



Southeast Elevation (Looking Northwest)



South Elevation of Clerestory Window (Looking North)



View of the South Wall at Line C from Inside
Showing Truss and Clerestory Window



Elevation of Clerestory Window and Braces
at Line C (Looking Southwest)



Elevation of Clerestory Window and Braces
at Line B (Looking Southeast)



Interior Wood Braced Frame Connection to Glulam Beam at Line B



Close-up of Braced Heater



Close up of Braced Light Fixtures



APPENDIX B

ASCE 41-17 Tier 1 Checklists (Structural)

UC Campus:	Santa Cruz		Date:	06/28/2019		
Building CAAN:	7493	Auxiliary CAAN:	By Firm:	Rutherford + Chekene		
Building Name:	Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building A		Initials:	EFA	Checked:	WAL/BL
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, CA 95064		Page:	1	of	3

ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Basic Configuration Checklist

LOW SEISMICITY

BUILDING SYSTEMS - GENERAL

	Description
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>LOAD PATH: The structure contains a complete, well-defined load path, including structural elements and connections, that serves to transfer the inertial forces associated with the mass of all elements of the building to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.1)</p> <p>Comments: 5/8" plywood roof diaphragms deliver loads to wood shear walls over strip footings in transverse direction and to wood diagonal braces and wood columns over spread footings.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>ADJACENT BUILDINGS: The clear distance between the building being evaluated and any adjacent building is greater than 0.25% of the height of the shorter building in low seismicity, 0.5% in moderate seismicity, and 1.5% in high seismicity. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.2)</p> <p>Comments: There are no adjacent structures.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>MEZZANINES: Interior mezzanine levels are braced independently from the main structure or are anchored to the seismic-force-resisting elements of the main structure. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.3)</p> <p>Comments: There are no mezzanines.</p>

BUILDING SYSTEMS - BUILDING CONFIGURATION

	Description
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>WEAK STORY: The sum of the shear strengths of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story in each direction is not less than 80% of the strength in the adjacent story above. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.1)</p> <p>Comments: Single story structure.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>SOFT STORY: The stiffness of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story is not less than 70% of the seismic-force-resisting system stiffness in an adjacent story above or less than 80% of the average seismic-force-resisting system stiffness of the three stories above. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.2)</p> <p>Comments: Single story structure.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>VERTICAL IRREGULARITIES: All vertical elements in the seismic-force-resisting system are continuous to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.3)</p> <p>Comments: All lateral force-resisting system elements are continuous to the foundation.</p>

Note: C = Compliant NC = Noncompliant N/A = Not Applicable U = Unknown

UC Campus:	Santa Cruz		Date:	06/28/2019		
Building CAAN:	7493	Auxiliary CAAN:	By Firm:	Rutherford + Chekene		
Building Name:	Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building A		Initials:	EFA	Checked:	WAL/BL
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, CA 95064		Page:	2	of	3

ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Basic Configuration Checklist

C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>GEOMETRY: There are no changes in the net horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system of more than 30% in a story relative to adjacent stories, excluding one-story penthouses and mezzanines. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.4)</p> <p>Comments: Single story structure.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>MASS: There is no change in effective mass of more than 50% from one story to the next. Light roofs, penthouses, and mezzanines need not be considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.6. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.5)</p> <p>Comments: Single story structure.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>TORSION: The estimated distance between the story center of mass and the story center of rigidity is less than 20% of the building width in either plan dimension. (Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.6)</p> <p>Comments: Flexible diaphragm.</p>

MODERATE SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS FOR LOW SEISMICITY)

GEOLOGIC SITE HAZARD

	Description
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>LIQUEFACTION: Liquefaction-susceptible, saturated, loose granular soils that could jeopardize the building's seismic performance do not exist in the foundation soils at depths within 50 ft (15.2m) under the building. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.1. Tier 2: 5.4.3.1)</p> <p>Comments: Per 2009 County map at https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/LiquifactionMap2009.pdf</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>SLOPE FAILURE: The building site is located away from potential earthquake-induced slope failures or rockfalls so that it is unaffected by such failures or is capable of accommodating any predicted movements without failure. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.2. Tier 2: 5.4.3.1)</p> <p>Comments: Per 2009 County map at https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/LandslideMap2009.pdf</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>SURFACE FAULT RUPTURE: Surface fault rupture and surface displacement at the building site are not anticipated. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.3. Tier 2: 5.4.3.1)</p> <p>Comments: Per 2009 County map at https://gis.santacruzcounty.us/mapgallery/Emergency%20Management/Hazard%20Mitigation/FaultZoneMap2009.pdf</p>

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UC Campus:	Santa Cruz		Date:	06/28/2019		
Building CAAN:	7493	Auxiliary CAAN:	By Firm:	Rutherford + Chekene		
Building Name:	Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building A		Initials:	EFA	Checked:	WAL/BL
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, CA 95064		Page:	3	of	3

ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Basic Configuration Checklist

HIGH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS FOR MODERATE SEISMICITY)

FOUNDATION CONFIGURATION

				Description
C	NC	N/A	U	<p>OVERTURNING: The ratio of the least horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system at the foundation level to the building height (base/height) is greater than $0.6S_a$. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.3)</p> <p>Comments: Building width $B = 34'$, Building Height is $H = 22'$, $B/H = 1.55$ $S_a = 1.54g$ per ATC at BSE-2E $0.6 \times S_a = 0.924$ $B/H > 0.6 S_a$</p>
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<p>TIES BETWEEN FOUNDATION ELEMENTS: The foundation has ties adequate to resist seismic forces where footings, piles, and piers are not restrained by beams, slabs, or soils classified as Site Class A, B, or C. (Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.4)</p> <p>Comments: Site Class D assumed. Reinforced slab is doweled to and ties the footings together.</p>

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Building Name:	Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building A			Initials:	EFA	Checked:	WAL/BL
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, CA 95064			Page:	1	of	4

ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Building Type W2

LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY

SEISMIC-FORCE-RESISTING SYSTEM

	Description								
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>REDUNDANCY: The number of lines of shear walls in each principal direction is greater than or equal to 2. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.1.1)</p> <p>Comments: There are two lines of shear walls/braced frames in each direction.</p>								
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>SHEAR STRESS CHECK: The shear stress in the shear walls, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.4.3.3, is less than the following values: (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.1.1)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>Structural panel sheathing</td> <td>1,000 lb/ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Diagonal sheathing</td> <td>700 lb/ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Straight sheathing</td> <td>100 lb/ft</td> </tr> <tr> <td>All other conditions</td> <td>100 lb/ft</td> </tr> </table> <p>Comments: The average shear stress in N-S direction is 197 plf. In the E-W direction, the shear stress check is not applicable as the key lateral force-resisting system is wood diagonal braced frames.</p>	Structural panel sheathing	1,000 lb/ft	Diagonal sheathing	700 lb/ft	Straight sheathing	100 lb/ft	All other conditions	100 lb/ft
Structural panel sheathing	1,000 lb/ft								
Diagonal sheathing	700 lb/ft								
Straight sheathing	100 lb/ft								
All other conditions	100 lb/ft								
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>STUCCO (EXTERIOR PLASTER) SHEAR WALLS: Multi-story buildings do not rely on exterior stucco walls as the primary seismic-force-resisting system. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1)</p> <p>Comments: Plywood shear walls are used; single-story building.</p>								
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>GYPSUM WALLBOARD OR PLASTER SHEAR WALLS: Interior plaster or gypsum wallboard is not used for shear walls on buildings more than one story high except for the uppermost level of a multi-story building. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1)</p> <p>Comments: Plywood shear walls are used.</p>								
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>NARROW WOOD SHEAR WALLS: Narrow wood shear walls with an aspect ratio greater than 2-to-1 are not used to resist seismic forces. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1)</p> <p>Comments: Piers are typically wider than a 2V:1H aspect ratio.</p>								

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Building Address:	Santa Cruz, CA 95064			Page:	2	of	4

ASCE 41-17 Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Building Type W2

C NC N/A U <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>WALLS CONNECTED THROUGH FLOORS: Shear walls have an interconnection between stories to transfer overturning and shear forces through the floor. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.5. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.2)</p> <p>Comments: Single story structure.</p>
C NC N/A U <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>HILLSIDE SITE: For structures that are taller on at least one side by more than one-half story because of a sloping site, all shear walls on the downhill slope have an aspect ratio less than 1-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.6. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.3)</p> <p>Comments: No sloping site.</p>
C NC N/A U <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>CRIPPLE WALLS: Cripple walls below first-floor-level shear walls are braced to the foundation with wood structural panels. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.4)</p> <p>Comments: No cripple walls.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>OPENINGS: Walls with openings greater than 80% of the length are braced with wood structural panel shear walls with aspect ratios of not more than 1.5-to-1 or are supported by adjacent construction through positive ties capable of transferring the seismic forces. (Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.8. Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.5)</p> <p>Comments: No large openings observed in wood shear walls.</p>
CONNECTIONS	
	Description
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>WOOD POSTS: There is a positive connection of wood posts to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3)</p> <p>Comments: Simpson CB-68 or CB-88 are used for column base connection to concrete foundation per Detail 12 on Sheet S-7.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>WOOD SILLS: All wood sills are bolted to the foundation. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.4. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3)</p> <p>Comments: Wood sills are bolted 5/8" dia. anchor bolts on 4'-0" o.c. per Detail 16 on Sheet S-7.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>GIRDER/COLUMN CONNECTION: There is a positive connection using plates, connection hardware, or straps between the girder and the column support. (Commentary: Sec. A.5.4.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.4.1)</p> <p>Comments: Structural steel angle w/ 3/4" dia. through bolts are used to connect girder and column per Detail 2 and 7 on Sheet S-7</p>

Note: **C** = Compliant **NC** = Noncompliant **N/A** = Not Applicable **U** = Unknown

UC Campus:	Santa Cruz			Date:	06/28/2019		
Building CAAN:	7493	Auxiliary CAAN:		By Firm:	Rutherford + Chekene		
Building Name:	Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building A			Initials:	EFA	Checked:	WAL/BL
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, CA 95064			Page:	3	of	4

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HIGH SEISMICITY (COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS IN ADDITION TO THE ITEMS FOR LOW AND MODERATE SEISMICITY)

CONNECTIONS

	Description
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>WOOD SILL BOLTS: Sill bolts are spaced at 6 ft (1.8 m) or less with acceptable edge and end distance provided for wood and concrete. (Commentary: A.5.3.7. Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3)</p> <p>Comments: Wood sills are bolted 5/8" dia. anchor bolts on 4'-0" o.c. per Detail 16 on Sheet S-7</p>

DIAPHRAGMS

	Description
C NC N/A U <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>DIAPHRAGM CONTINUITY: The diaphragms are not composed of split-level floors and do not have expansion joints. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)</p> <p>Comments: Sawtooth roof.</p>
C NC N/A U <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>ROOF CHORD CONTINUITY: All chord elements are continuous, regardless of changes in roof elevation. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1)</p> <p>Comments: Chord discontinuity occurs at each roof offset locations.</p>
C NC N/A U <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>DIAPHRAGM REINFORCEMENT AT OPENINGS: There is reinforcing around all diaphragm openings larger than 50% of the building width in either major plan dimension. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.8. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.5)</p> <p>Comments: No large opening observed in the roof diaphragm.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>STRAIGHT SHEATHING: All straight-sheathed diaphragms have aspect ratios less than 2-to-1 in the direction being considered. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)</p> <p>Comments: Plywood diaphragms are used.</p>
C NC N/A U <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<p>SPANS: All wood diaphragms with spans greater than 24 ft (7.3 m) consist of wood structural panels or diagonal sheathing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)</p> <p>Comments: 5/8" plywood per detail 12 on Sheet S-1</p>

Note: **C** = Compliant **NC** = Noncompliant **N/A** = Not Applicable **U** = Unknown

UC Campus:	Santa Cruz			Date:	06/28/2019		
Building CAAN:	7493	Auxiliary CAAN:		By Firm:	Rutherford + Chekene		
Building Name:	Elena Baskin Visual Arts Building A			Initials:	EFA	Checked:	WAL/BL
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, CA 95064			Page:	4	of	4

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Collapse Prevention Structural Checklist For Building Type W2**

<p>C NC N/A U</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>	<p>DIAGONALLY SHEATHED AND UNBLOCKED DIAPHRAGMS: All diagonally sheathed or unblocked wood structural panel diaphragms have horizontal spans less than 40 ft (12.2 m) and have aspect ratios less than or equal to 4-to-1. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.3. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2)</p> <p>Comments: Roof is blocked 5/8" plywood.</p>
<p>C NC N/A U</p> <p><input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/></p>	<p>OTHER DIAPHRAGMS: The diaphragms do not consist of a system other than wood, metal deck, concrete, or horizontal bracing. (Commentary: Sec. A.4.7.1. Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.5)</p> <p>Comments: Roof is 5/8" plywood</p>



APPENDIX C

UCOP Seismic Safety Policy Falling Hazards Assessment Summary

UC Campus:	Santa Cruz		Date:	06/28/2019		
Building CAAN:	7493	Auxiliary CAAN:	By Firm:	Rutherford + Chekene		
Building Name:	EBASK BLDG A		Initials:	EFA	Checked:	WAL/BL
Building Address:	Santa Cruz, CA 95064		Page:	1	of	1

UCOP SEISMIC SAFETY POLICY Falling Hazard Assessment Summary

	Description
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Heavy ceilings, features or ornamentation above large lecture halls, auditoriums, lobbies, or other areas where large numbers of people congregate (50 ppl or more) Comments: There are no heavy ceilings, features, or ornamentation.
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Heavy masonry or stone veneer above exit ways or public access areas Comments: There is no masonry or stone veneer.
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Unbraced masonry parapets, cornices, or other ornamentation above exit ways or public access areas Comments: There are no masonry parapets, cornices or other ornamentation.
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Unrestrained hazardous material storage Comments: No hazardous material storage was observed.
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Masonry chimneys Comments: There are no masonry chimneys.
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Unrestrained natural gas-fueled equipment such as water heaters, boilers, emergency generators, etc. Comments: No unrestrained natural gas-fueled equipment was observed.
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other: Comments:
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other: Comments:
P N/A <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other: Comments:

Falling Hazards Risk: **Low**



APPENDIX D

Quick Check Calculations Building A



Unit Weights:

	Seismic Weight	Dead Load	
Main BLDG Roof	psf		Remarks
roofing	3	3	Assumed
5/8" plywood	1.875	1.875	
rafter	4	4	2x10 @ 16" o.c.
MEP	3	3	
ceiling	3	3	typ. gypboard ceiling panels
misc+lighting	5	5	
partition including shear walls	12		
Total	31	19	

Story Weights

Level	Area (ft ²)	Unit Weight (psf)	Seismic Weight (kips)
Typ. Roof	1496	31	47
Total			47



Period

C_t =	0.02
h_n (ft)=	14
B=	0.75

T=	0.14	sec
----	------	-----

BSE-2E Response Spectrum

ATC Hazards by Location

Search by Address Search by Coordinate

36.994860 -122.0611 Search

Wind
 Snow
 Tornado
 Seismic

Hazard Level BSE-2E

Name	Value	Description
S_S	1.281	MCE _R ground motion (period=0.2s)
F_a	1	Site amplification factor at 0.2s
S_{XS}	1.281	Site modified spectral response (0.2s)
S_1	0.485	MCE _R ground motion (period=1.0s)
F_v	1.815	Site amplification factor at 1.0s
S_{X1}	0.88	Site modified spectral response (1.0s)



Seismic forces and Story Shears

4.4.2.3 Spectral Acceleration. Spectral acceleration, S_a , for use in computing the pseudo seismic force shall be computed in accordance with Eq. (4-3).

$$S_a = \frac{S_{X1}}{T} \quad (4-3)$$

but S_a shall not exceed S_{XS} , where T is the fundamental period of vibration of the building, calculated in accordance with Section 4.4.2.4, and S_{X1} and S_{XS} are as defined in Section 2.4 for the

Sa=	1.28				Sx1	T	Sxs
W=	47 kips			BSE 2E	0.88	0.14	1.281
C=	1.3	from Table 4-7					
V=	78 kips						
k=	1.00						
Story Shears							
Floor Levels	height	total height	Weight	weight*height^k	coeff	Fx	Story Shear
Roof	14.33	14.3	47	673	1.00	78	78
				673		78	

Average Stress:

Ms=	4.5	CP of wood shear wall
	7	CP of other diagonal brace
N-S direction (Transverse)		
Level	Force (kips)	length of wall (ft)
Roof	78	88
		197